

INVARIANT VARIETIES

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$$V := \mathbb{C}^m \quad \{ \ell_1, \dots, \ell_m \}$$

$$k \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}$$

$$V^{\otimes k} \quad \{ \ell_x : x \in [m]^k \}$$

$$\ell_x := \ell_{x_1} \otimes \dots \otimes \ell_{x_k} \quad x = (x_1, \dots, x_k) \in [m]^k$$

$$\text{Sep}(k, m) := \{ [\nu_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \nu_k] : \nu_i \in V \setminus \{0\} \}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \mathbb{P}(V)^{\times k} \end{array} \subseteq \mathbb{P}(V^{\otimes k})$$

S_k ACTS ON $[m]^k$ BY

$$\sigma x = (x_{\sigma^{-1}(1)}, \dots, x_{\sigma^{-1}(k)})$$

S_n ACTS ON $x \in [n]^k$ BY

$$\sigma^* x = (\sigma(x_1), \dots, \sigma(x_k))$$

$$G \subseteq S_n, \quad \chi: G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

SIMPLE CHAR.

$$P_\chi := \frac{\chi(e)}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} \chi(g^{-1}) g \in \mathbb{C}[S_n]$$

$$P_\chi \in \text{END}(V^{\otimes k})$$

$$\hat{P}_\chi: \text{Sep}(k, n) \setminus \text{IP}(\text{Ker}(P_\chi))$$

$$\rightarrow \text{IP}(V_\chi^{\otimes k})$$

$$V_\chi^{\otimes k} := \sum_m \text{IP}(P_\chi) \subseteq V^{\otimes k}$$

$$G_{\mathbb{R}^X}(k, m) := \Sigma_m(\hat{P}_X)$$

$$\text{EX: } k=2=m \quad \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(a_1, a_2) \neq (0, 0) \neq (b_1, b_2)$$

$$(a_1 e_1 + a_2 e_2) \otimes (b_1 e_1 + b_2 e_2)$$

$$X = I_{S_k} \rightarrow a_1 b_1 e_1 \otimes e_1 +$$

$$\cancel{a_1 b_2 e_1 \otimes e_2} + \frac{1}{2}(a_1 b_2 + a_2 b_1) [e_1 \otimes e_2 + e_2 \otimes e_1]$$

$$+ a_2 b_2 e_2 \otimes e_2$$

$$X = (-1)^{l(a)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(a_1 b_1 - a_2 b_2) [$$

$$[e_1 \otimes e_2 - e_2 \otimes e_1]$$

X
ONE-DIMENSIONAL $G \subseteq S_k$

LET $x \in [m]^k$ $\mathcal{O}_x = \{g \cdot x : g \in G\}$

$$\bar{x} = \text{MIN}_{\leq_{\text{LEX}}} O_x \quad \text{on } [n]^k$$

$$B_{\chi}(k, n) := \{ \bar{x}; x \in [n]^k \}$$

$$\forall x \in y \Leftrightarrow x \leq_{\rho} y \quad \exists \rho \in G$$

$$V_{\chi}^{\otimes k} \text{ HAS BASIS } \{ P_{\chi}(e_x) : x \in B_{\chi}(k, n) \}$$

$M \subseteq B_{\chi}(k, n)$ IS A χ -MATROID

IF $\{ \overline{\sigma^*(x)} : x \in M \}$ HAS MAXIMUM

$$\forall \sigma \in S_n$$

$$\text{EX: } (e_1 + e_2 + e_3) \wedge (e_1 + e_4)$$

$$= e_1 \wedge e_4 + e_2 \wedge e_1 + e_2 \wedge e_4 + e_3 \wedge e_1$$

$$+ e_3 \wedge e_4 \rightarrow \{ (1, 4), (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 4), (3, 4) \}$$

TRIVIAL CH.

$$1_G: G \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$$

$\mathcal{C}_{1_G}(k, m)$ HAS THE MAX PROP.

$$B_{1_G}(k, m) = \sum_{x \in \mathcal{C}_{1_G}(k, m)} q^{P(x)}$$

$$\frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{p \in G} \prod_{i=1}^k (1 + q + \dots + q^{i-1})^{c_i(p)}$$

CONS: THE ORDER COMPLEX OF $B_{1_G}(k, m)$ IS SHELLABLE

CONS: THE COORDINATE RING OF THE INCIDENCE STRAT OF $\mathcal{C}_{1_G}(k, m)$ IS COHEN-MACAULAY.